

FOR WEATHER

Newark and vicinity: Fair to night. Sunday warmer.

RIOTING IN STREETS OF CAPITAL

Indianapolis Car Employees Strike Assuming Serious Situation

PATROLMEN KEPT BUSY

But Force is Inadequate and Tracks are Blocked by the Strikers and Their Friends—Pull Men From Cars.

(Associated Press Telegram) Indianapolis, Nov. 1.—After a morning of rioting the streetcar company practically gave up all efforts to operate cars at noon today. It was stated an attempt to establish service would be made this afternoon when 500 strike-breakers were expected to arrive from Chicago.

The strike, which was started at 11 o'clock last night, was marked by continual rioting in the downtown district this morning. Motormen and conductors were dragged from their cars and taken to the union headquarters and registered, trolleys were broken, trolley poles were pulled off and the air, which controlled the brakes, released from the containers under the cars.

There were several hundred strikers and sympathizers in the crowd and a number of boys aided their efforts to tie up the street service. The police were unable to hold the crowd in check as it moved from one corner to another in the downtown district.

A repair truck sent out to fix the broken trolley wires, was dragged away as soon as the wire was pulled up off the street, so that it would not endanger the pedestrians. The repair crew finally gave up their attempt and returned to the barns.

Merchants said business was at a standstill and for all the trade they had they might as well close their stores.

The police expect more serious trouble this afternoon if the cars are manned by professional strike-breakers.

The interurban service was normal except for delay in getting in and out of the city.

(Associated Press Telegram) Indianapolis, Nov. 1.—Rioting in the street car employees strike which was started at 11 o'clock last night broke out at the corner of Illinois and Washington streets, in the heart of the business sections, shortly before 9 o'clock this morning. Cars were held up and trolley ropes cut. A block away, at Washington street and Capital avenue, near the state house, the motorman and conductor were taken from a car, which was left standing in the streets.

The police force in the downtown section seemed unable to cope with the strikers and hundreds of their friends. The strikers blocked the tracks and the cars could get through only when the police would go ahead and clear the way. The strike leaders hurled invectives at the car crews and demanded that they join the strike. Few persons patronized the cars this morning, the majority of the men and women walking to their work. Many of the cars had to be rerouted through the downtown district to avoid greased rails.

While some cars are being operated on all lines, nothing like the regular schedule is being maintained.

William T. Fletcher, postoffice inspector, issued a statement today in which he declared if the collection of the mails from sub stations by the street car company, which is under contract to the government, was interfered with, the government would begin an investigation and make arrests. The statement declared the mails must be collected on regular time.

After an hour or more of rioting in the center of the business section, the mounted police were called out and drove the crowd away from the cars.

An attempt was made to pull one of the mounted officers from his horse, but he pulled his mount around and rode down the crowd.

Rioting broke out anew shortly before noon in Washington street near Meridian. A trolley wire was broken down and the crews taken off two cars. In addition to cutting trolley ropes and holding up the cars, the strikers have turned their attention to the air containers under the cars and have opened up the valves on a number of cars, releasing the air which works the brakes. The police said they fear many accidents as the results of this activity as it will be hard to bring the cars to a stop.

A number of boys are aiding the strikers by pulling off trolleys and opening the air valves. The police are not in sufficient numbers to quell the rioting. They no sooner disperse one crowd and release the car than the crowd attacks another car in another section of a downtown district. So far no trouble has been reported from the residence parts of the city.

Newark Child Honored



LITTLE MISS MARGARET FULTON.

(Special to the Advocate) San Francisco, Calif., Nov. 1.—Miss Margaret Fulton of Newark, O., the five-years-old daughter of Hon. and Mrs. W. D. Fulton, has been chosen by a prominent Ohio official as one of the children to represent Ohio in the Temple of Childhood at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition in 1915. Every state in the Union will be represented. In fact the child life of the world will be fittingly shown in the Temple. An official photographer will be appointed to make a picture of each child selected for the honor and these pictures will be the chief feature of the Temple of Childhood.

The foregoing message was shown

by an Advocate man to Mr. Fulton today. Mr. Fulton said that he had just received from Richard M. Sayers, director of exhibits at San Francisco, an official notification of the election of his little daughter to represent Ohio in the Temple of Childhood and that he had been requested to take Miss Margaret to a Columbus photographer one day this week. The letter from the exposition director was a complete surprise to both Mr. and Mrs. Fulton. It is a compliment which they naturally appreciate and is one that is worthily bestowed as little Margaret is one of the most beautiful children in Newark and Ohio people in visiting the San Francisco exposition in 1915 will be proud of the state's representative in the Temple of Childhood.

Licking County Boy to Be Present at Diplomatic Conference in Mexico City

Dispatches from Mexico City, Mexico, say that Captain W. A. Burnside, son of Abraham Burnside of Alexandria, graduate of Newark high school and West Point, is to participate in a conference between the diplomats representing the most of the powers, which is to be held today. Together with Special Envoy Lind, the German minister to Mexico, Rear Admiral Fletcher of the United States squadron, a son of Licking county is to be present at his conference to which great interest is attached because of the fact that it is calculated to dispel any

presentiment in the minds of other nations that the United States contemplates territorial aggrandizement. For the last 15 years Captain Burnside has been a commissioned officer in the army and is at present the military attaché of this government at Mexico. He is well known in Newark and while attending high school here was an employee in the clothing store of Roe Emerson. Captain Burnside is recognized as one of the most valuable of this country's representatives in Mexico and has made rapid strides during the period of his service in the government.

AUTO BANDITS ARE WORKING IN COLUMBUS

(Associated Press Telegram) Columbus, Nov. 1.—Five automobile bandits who held up an automobile party of five from Mount Sterling at Pleasant Corners, four miles south of Grove City about 3:20 this morning and robbed them of \$10.50 after flourishing revolvers in their faces, are being hunted by Columbus police.

The bandits, before committing the robbery, had stolen the automobile of Harry H. Patton, from his garage on East Oakland avenue and were driving in it when they held up the Mount Sterling party.

DUKE NOW REIGNS OVER THE DUCHY OF BRUNSWICK

(Associated Press Telegram) Brunswick, Germany, Nov. 1.—The government of the Duchy of Brunswick, which has been without a reigning duke since 1884, was assumed today by the young prince, Ernest August of Cumberland. The prince married Princess Victoria Luise, only daughter of the German emperor on May 24.

The differences between the two princely families of Hohenzollern and Guelph have thus been settled for the new duke in a declaration issued today, promised unwavering loyalty to the German empire and emperor and to the federated rulers of Germany. He thus implicitly although not actually renounced his pretensions to the throne of the

kingdom of Hanover, annexed to Prussia in 1866, when it called itself with Austria against Prussia. Prince August's father, the Duke of Cumberland, rightful heir to the kingdom of Hanover as well as to the dukedom of Brunswick, has steadfastly refused to renounce his claims to the succession of Hanover and has therefore not been permitted to reign as duke of Brunswick.

The complete formal transfer of sovereignty and the state entry of the young duke and duchess will take place on Nov. 3.

REP. P. J. COLLINS OF STARK COUNTY DIES SUDDENLY

(Associated Press Telegram) Canton, O., Nov. 1.—Peter J. Collins, aged fifty-three years, who was serving his first term as a democratic representative from Stark county in the Ohio legislature, died suddenly at his home here early today. Heart trouble was the cause. Mr. Collins had attended a concert last night. He returned home apparently well but was attacked by heart trouble while in bed about 2 o'clock this morning. He died soon afterwards.

Mr. Collins was a lawyer. He was author of the bill passed by the last legislature which makes a felony a monopoly on bread or other food stuffs.

It was stated today that it hardly was likely that a successor to Mr. Collins would be chosen since the Stark county district still has representation in the general assembly.

TELEPHONE HEARING.

(Associated Press Telegram) Columbus, Nov. 1.—Tuesday, Dec. 16, is the date set today by the state public utilities commission for the hearing of the complaint made by H. B. McGraw, of Cleveland, against the Cleveland Telephone company, charging it with maintaining rates higher than necessary.

CARNEGIE HERO FUND DISBURSED

Only One Ohioan, a Woman, in List of Those Receiving Awards

\$100,000 FOR HEROES

Commission Distributes 16 Awards of \$5,000 and 39 of \$1,000, Also Pensions and Medals of Gold, Silver and Bronze.

Pittsburg, Nov. 1.—Nearly \$100,000 is disbursed to heroes or their relatives by the Carnegie Hero Fund Commission in its report made public today. The commission distributes immediately \$91,000 in awards of \$2000 and \$1000. There are 16 awards of \$2000 and 39 of \$1000. The remainder are in awards consisting of pensions ranging from \$5 to \$25 a month, and in cash sums under \$1000. In every award a medal is given, either bronze or silver. In a few instances only a medal was awarded.

The highest award, consisting of a gold medal and \$2000 in cash money goes to Charles N. Wright, a merchant, 38 years old, of Highlands, N. C., who with William L. Dillard, a liverman, 33 years old, or the same place, helped to save R. Augustus Baty, a carpenter, 26 years old, from a fall down a precipice at that place May 14, 1911. Dillard receives a silver medal and \$2000.

Baty had fallen from the summit of Whiteside mountain at Fool's Rock and rolled 150 feet down an almost vertical cliff, and lodged against a small bush, two inches from the brink of a precipice 2000 feet deep, part of his body; dangle over the edge.

Wright and Dillard descended the vertical ledge, their only handholds or footholds being ridges and hollows not more than an inch in height or depth. Wright's wife saw him and began to scream. He was nearly unnerved, but pushed on. Stopping at a tiny bush 6 feet above Baty, he let his feet down to a ledge two feet above the brink and then grasped Baty's coat collar. Baty gave a sudden jerk, but became quiet when Wright threatened him.

Pinning his legs around the bush, Wright drew Baty up to a place of comparative safety, where Dillard, who had lost his nerve in the final stages of the rescue, was waiting. The two men now took Baty, who was delirious 15 feet across the bare face of the cliff, within 18 inches of the brink. Then they moved Baty to the foot of the vertical ledge at the summit, from which point he was hoisted by means of a line. He recovered. The rescue took two hours and 20 minutes.

There is only one Ohio award, as follows: Mary F. Groninger, Aberdeen, O.—Bronze medal and \$1000, as needed. Attempted to save Augustus P. Coover from drowning. Aberdeen, O., July 5, 1912.

LUMBER FALLS; MURPHY HURT; ASKS \$20,000

Claiming that his employers, the Licking Window Glass company of Utica was responsible for his injury, Michael Murphy brought suit by his attorneys, Owen & Carr of Mt. Vernon, against the company asking for damages in the sum of \$20,000 for personal injury. He relates that he was piling lumber for the defendant company at Utica in May 12, 1913, and that workmen on an adjacent pile, working under instructions from the company's agents, caused the pile to become so high that it toppled over on Murphy. He states that his thigh was fractured, his knee-cap crushed, his teeth knocked out, his back sprained and otherwise injured. He states that he has been in bed most of the time since his injury.

NEW LIGHTS ARE INSTALLED ABOUT PUBLIC SQUARE

Service Director McCarthy and the construction superintendent of the municipal light plant, have completed the installation of a dozen new style "flaming arc" street lamps in the central part of the city. These lights use the same amount of current that the old style lamps used besides giving several times the volume of light. The "flaming arc" is the latest word in the street lamp construction and in the future, all new lights will be of this style. They are heavier than the old style arc lamp and it was found impossible to use the poles in some places where the strength was not regarded as sufficient to bear the great weight.

Burns to Hunt Criminals Over the World.



William J. Burns, the most famous detective in the world, has just come back to the United States after several months in Europe, where he began the organization of a world-wide detective force, something never before attempted. Inasmuch as he is a man of tremendous energy and vitality there is no doubt he will be successful in perfecting an organization that will frighten international crooks who operate in America, Europe and Australia.

He found on his trip that private detective work of the character he has done was unknown in Europe. Victims of criminals there have depended on the regular police forces, and outside of Scotland Yard they are no more competent than those of American cities. He has established agencies in Paris, London, and Brussels already, and will extend this system to other European capitals. American managers—Americans are the best detectives, he says—will be placed in charge of his offices, but the detail work will be done largely by foreigners. It would be impossible to find many American detectives familiar with European languages and customs. Soon the American crook who seeks an asylum in Europe will be no safer than in an American city.

Official Organ of Huerta Claims United States Has Designs Against Mexico

(Associated Press Telegram)

Mexico City, Nov. 1.—"The political intrigues of the white house against our country have entered a period of apparent inertia recently. President Wilson showing himself reserved, undecided and expectant like one who prepares a most telling blow," says El Pais, in an editorial article on the situation today. It continues:

"The cable, however, in spite of its laconicism gives a glimpse of the machinations of the government at Washington which may be summarized as follows: 'President Wilson has not resolved to proceed frankly and openly against Mexico, doubtless because he comprehends the colossal injustice of his cause; but he searches for allies and accomplices in the crime against humanity plotted in the white house of annihilating and espousing us as in the time of Santa Anna. To this end tend all the efforts of the Puritan president and we know by recent despatches that an effort is being made to bring about a combined diplomatic movement by at least some of the European powers to sanction acts which the American government may attempt against Mexico.'

"It is said France, England and Germany will aid President Wilson in the work either by intervention or through Carranza, of obliquing President Huerta to renounce the high post he occupies. We are still obliged to believe that the friendly powers which voluntarily aid openly recognized General Huerta as provisional president of Mexico will not aid the United States either morally or materially because this would be the equivalent of a flagrant contradiction at variance with international practices and the decorum of honorable government."

"President Wilson has doubtless tried to wheedle the European governments into the perilous belief that violation of the suffrage in Mexico is notorious, that Provisional President Huerta is to blame, he cannot now be considered by them as the constitutional president and that these governments are not obliged to stand by their recognition of him."

"Nothing can be more sophistical nor more unjust than such an argument. 'Nobody but ourselves has any right to determine whether General Huerta has violated the suffrage, nobody but ourselves should place the responsibilities; none but our own eyes conformable to our laws should refuse to recognize him, depose him, submit him to a process or condemn him to death.'

"Foreign governments cannot mix in this sort of thing. They should ignore it completely as they are incapacitated by decency by morality and by common sense to fix the political course of other countries."

PORFIRIO DIAZ ON THE SITUATION

(Associated Press Telegram) London, Nov. 1.—"None should forget that Mexico is now a very great country and must be considered by all as such," said General Porfirio Diaz today when asked in Paris about the situation. He will, however, not give his views in regard to the attitude of the United States, replying to a question on the subject:

"I am not going to discuss either the policy of the United States or

the message that President Wilson is going to read on Monday."

General Porfirio Diaz today once more declared that he had no present intention of returning to Mexico. He said in an interview with the correspondent in Paris of the Exchange Telegraph company, adding:

"I will only return to my country in case a foreign nation attacks it and you may rest assured that in such an eventually all Mexico will be solidly united in its efforts to throw out the invaders."

The former dictator of Mexico said that if General Diaz had followed his advice he would not have attempted to land at Vera Cruz. He concluded:

"When I was in power I had both men and money, and nobody can do without them. Now that Provisional President Huerta has both, he may find out sooner or later that the president of the Mexican republic must always govern for and by his people."

The reference made by General Porfirio Diaz to the reading of a "message" by President Wilson next Monday probably arises from a confusion in the despatches issued in Europe on the coming announcement by the president of the newly planned policy of the United States in regard to Mexico.

BRYAN CONFERS WITH PRESIDENT

(Associated Press Telegram) Washington, Nov. 1.—Secretary Bryan, after a two days' absence campaigning in New Jersey went over the Mexican despatches today before leaving to address Maryland voters. He said there was no change in the situation. He conferred with President Wilson before going to Rockville, Hagerstown and Frederick, Md.

WATCHING FOR THE MADERO BROTHERS

(Associated Press Telegram) Vera Cruz, Nov. 1.—William Canada, the United States consul here has received instructions from Washington to watch for the arrival of two brothers of the late President Francisco Madero who are reported to have left Tampico for Vera Cruz where the Mexican government has issued orders for their arrest. The consul has not yet been able to discover their whereabouts.

BOYS' PRANK RESULTS IN A BAD INJURY

Youngsters in the vicinity of Tenth and Locust street Friday night caused the serious injury of a woman living in that part of the city when a big wagon wheel, placed in the middle of the sidewalk caused the woman to fall. The obstruction was invisible owing to the intense darkness and the victim walked into it. Fortunately no bones were broken but the woman sustained severe bruises.

Charles O'Dowd of Marion, a cousin of J. C. O'Dowd is a visitor in the city.

DENIES ROBINSON CHARGES

National Superintendent Baker of Anti-Saloon League Issues Statement

EX-PASTOR'S CHARACTER

Attacked and Claim Made That He Entered Employ of Liquor Interests After Quitting the League.

Columbus, O., Nov. 1.—Statements by U. G. Robinson, of St. Louis, to the effect that the Anti-Saloon league leaders have been employing immoral men, misappropriating funds and running the organization in a trust-like manner were resented by Rev. P. A. Baker, national superintendent, in a statement made last evening.

He denied the charges and proceeded to attack Mr. Robinson's character. Mr. Robinson, he said, after resigning from Anti-Saloon league work, "entered the employ of the liquor interests."

"The so-called Prohibition paper which Mr. Robinson publishes is widely quoted by the liquor interests," said Mr. Baker. He swore to the truth of his statement before a notary.

The statement follows:

"The State Journal of Oct. 21 publishes a statement from U. G. Robinson, of St. Louis, charging the Anti-Saloon league with misappropriating funds, employing immoral men and stating that U. G. Robinson is a Baptist minister and Prohibitionist, editor of St. Louis, and that the league is an irresponsible organization; that approximately \$150,000 worth of property in Columbus and Westerville, supposedly belonging to the league, is really held in fee simple by the American Issue Publishing company, an organization for profit, the stock of which is held by a few men who receive the profits."

"The statements are false. The books of the Anti-Saloon League of America are audited every 6 months by certified public accountants, and every dollar of the money received and spent is faithfully accounted for. The same is true of the state league. The state officers of the Anti-Saloon league are elected annually by representatives chosen by church bodies. The national officers are elected by the board of trustees of the national league, who are elected in turn by the state organizations, three from each state. Mr. Robinson is not a Prohibitionist editor. He has been an agent of the liquor interests."

"No person in his individual capacity holds stock in The American Issue Publishing company. Every share of stock belongs to the Anti-Saloon League of America and is held in trust by five trustees, elected by the national board of trustees of the Anti-Saloon League of America. No one of these trustees has ever received or can receive a single cent of profit or salary from The American Issue Publishing company, the profits of which must go into the treasury of the Anti-Saloon League of America."

Mr. Robinson was once connected with a Missouri Anti-Saloon league. He was found to be a man totally unworthy of service in league work, and the national committee refused to confirm his appointment. He finally resigned. He soon afterward entered the employ of the liquor interests. William E. Johnson, whom he attacks, who was chief special officer for years of the interior department for enforcing the laws against the sale of liquor to Indians, has in his possession many of the original letters that passed between U. G. Robinson and Hugh F. Harvey, the legislative agent of the National Liquor league, who has his office in Washington, D. C.

"The Anti-Saloon league does not employ immoral men. In the employment of 500 or 600 men occasionally a man gets into the employment of the league temporarily who is unworthy. When this is ascertained such a man is eliminated."

"The so-called Prohibition paper which Mr. Robinson publishes is widely quoted by the liquor interests of the country and is advertised by them as a very valuable paper to be read. The Royal Arch, the chief honor organization of California, has advertised Mr. Robinson's National Issue on the literature which they have sent out against local option."

"This same U. G. Robinson secured admittance to the Baptist Association as a delegate in Missouri a year ago by the use of false credentials."

"This same U. G. Robinson, by similar methods, forced his way as a delegate into the federal council of churches, held in Chicago a year ago, and under false pretenses succeeded in securing a badge which admitted him to the hall of the council. When this was discovered by his attempt to vote he was made to surrender his badge and leave the hall."

Resinol



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THERE is no need of baby suffering from eczema, ringworm, letter or other itching, burning, unsightly eruption. With the first use of Resinol Ointment and Soap, the itching and burning stop, and healing begins. After Resinol has quickly removed the last trace of the trouble, Resinol Soap for baby's bath will usually keep his skin clear and healthy.

Every drugist sells Resinol Soap and Ointment. For free trial, write to Dept. S-M, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

BEN BREW



The Melancholy days are COME, The Saddest of

The YEAR, But What's the Use of Feeling GLEAM?

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Buy It By The Case

and use it in your home. Especially brewed for Family Use.

60c Case of 1 Doz. Bottles

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Bell phone 801-K. City phone 1139 and 1371.

Send in your order at once. Don't delay.

OHIO STATE'S STANDING IN "BIG NINE"

To Be Determined By Today's Game With Indiana at Columbus.

Important Games Scheduled in All Sections of Country—Continued Games Played.

Associated Press Telegram
Columbus, Nov. 1.—Ohio's football schedule for today offers followers of the game several interesting contests. The most important game will be staged at Columbus with Ohio State and Indiana as contenders for the decision. The game will mark Ohio State's debut into the western conference and on the outcome depends State's standing among the western teams. Critics generally pick Indiana to win but they expect a close score. Captain Davis, of the visitors is a cripple and may not be able to start. Injuries also may prevent the playing of Captain Gleason, a valuable man in Ohio State's lineup.

Case will face the strong Mount Union team at Alliance, with Lovell, Mount Union's fullback, back in the game. Case players, it is said, may have some difficulty coming away with a victory. Mount Union's poor showing against Wooster last week is attributed to Lovell's absence from the game.

At Cleveland, Coach Dana's Cincinnati squad will be entertained by the Western Reserve players. With five cripples on the team the Cincinnati men are not too confident of winning. In the southern part of the state, interest is centered in the Miami-Ohio Wesleyan contest at Oxford. Wesleyan's brace of last Saturday, which resulted in the defeat of the Paww, has given its followers considerable confidence.

The Michigan Aggies meet the Buchtel college aggregation at East Lansing, Mich.

Oberlin will meet the Wittenberg team at Oberlin.

Other games in Ohio are: Heidelberg at Wooster; Wilbur at Antioch; Otterbein at Ohio Northern and Denison at Ohio University.

QUAKERS SEEK REVENGE.

Associated Press Telegram
Philadelphia, Nov. 1.—The University of Pennsylvania football team met Pennsylvania State college today. The Quakers were determined to secure revenge for the victory achieved by State in 1911 and 1912. Both teams had been carefully coached for today's game.

HOLY CROSS VS. TIGERS.

Associated Press Telegram
Princeton, N. J., Nov. 1.—The Princeton team was anxious to make a good showing against Holy Cross on University field today. Holy Cross has been defeated by Harvard and Yale. The Worcester collegians have a well balanced eleven and are prepared to give the Tigers a hard tussle for victory.

COLGATE AFTER OLD ELI.

Associated Press Telegram
New Haven, Conn., Nov. 1.—Yale and Colgate were opponents on the Yale field gridiron today in what was conceded to be the hardest game of the Eli's schedule so far this season. The New York state officials came here with a fast, versatile eleven confident of at least crossing the Blue's goal line—a thing that has not yet been accomplished this year.

The Blue entered the game minus the services of some of its best players on account of injuries.

FIRST FOR THREE YEARS.

Associated Press Telegram
Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 1.—Cornell's chances against Harvard at the stadium today, in the first game between the eleven of the two universities in three years, were improved by the absence of three regulars from the Harvard lineup. Left End O'Brien, Left Tackle Hitchcock and Right Halfback Mahan all are suffering from injuries. In addition Brinkley, the brilliant fullback was not in the best of condition and could play only a part of the game. The Cornell team, averaging more than 150 pounds from tackle to tackle, was somewhat heavier than the Harvard eleven.

NOTRE DAME VS. ARMY.

Associated Press Telegram
West Point, N. Y., Nov. 1.—The Army had its biggest home game of the year on its hands today with University of Notre Dame. The struggle being an intersectional one was one of interest because both teams are leaders in their respective classes.

LEHIGH VS. NAVY.

Associated Press Telegram
Annapolis, Md., Nov. 1.—With the small games of the schedule behind them the Navy football team will have a rougher road to travel from now on until the end of the season. Beginning with Lehigh today, the Middies will contend with teams of recognized stronger calibre.

INDIANS AT WASHINGTON.

Associated Press Telegram
Washington, Nov. 1.—The Carlisle Indians and Georgetown football teams were both ready today for their annual game. The game is second in point of interest here to the Virginia-Georgetown game.

BIG CROWDS AT MADISON.

Associated Press Telegram
Madison, Wis., Nov. 1.—Crowds unsurpassed in the gridiron history of this city were expected to witness the contest here today between the eleven of Minnesota and Wisconsin. Some 15,000 seats had been sold in advance.

WESTERN GAMES.

Associated Press Telegram
Chicago, Nov. 1.—Semi-finals in the western intercollegiate conference and four battles in the Missouri Valley territory held the center of the

stage in the middle west football world today.

The semi-finals, between Chicago and Illinois at Chicago and Minnesota and Wisconsin at Madison, attracted much of the pre-game attention.

Ames and Nebraska, whose tie game was one of the hardest ever fought in the west, will meet in an attempt to settle the dispute. The game is a re-enactment of a year's hiatus in contests between the two schools.

In Don Moines, Drake and Washington, the two fastest, but not the most powerful teams in the Valley conference met in their annual battle.

Missouri staged its play today against the team of its own mining engineering department from Rolla. The miners today being represented by a strong and well-balanced team.

Outside of the Missouri Valley, the Haskell Indians, were pitted against Creighton. It was the first meeting of the two teams for three years.

NEWARK HIGH LOSES GAME TO EAST HIGH

Columbus, Nov. 1.—East High of Columbus defeated Newark High this morning at football, 40 to 8. Harvey's open field work was the feature and secured most of the points for Newark eleven. Ranger of Newark gained about all the ground his eleven made.

Lineup: East High 40. Newark 8.
Presman, L. E. Brown
Holmes, L. E. Brown
Caldwell, L. E. Brown
Caldwell, L. E. Brown
Caldwell, L. E. Brown
Caldwell, L. E. Brown
Caldwell, L. E. Brown
Caldwell, L. E. Brown
Caldwell, L. E. Brown
Caldwell, L. E. Brown

Tom, Edwards—Harley, L. Presman, Schory. Goals from touchdown—Harley 4. Officials—Greving of Portsmouth, referee. Length of periods—12½ minutes.

BASEBALL PLAYERS SAIL.

Vancouver, Nov. 1.—The world touring White Sox of the American league, champions of Chicago, and the New York Giants, winners of the National League pennant, sailed for Japan today. The itinerary carries the party into Japan, China, the Philippines, Australia, India, Egypt, Italy, France, England, Scotland and Ireland. They expect to arrive in New York March 6 of next year.

CORNELL DEFEATED.

Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 1.—Harvard defeated Cornell, in a lively cross country run today by a total score of 51 to 35. The weather and course conditions were excellent.

FOUR CITIES SEEK PLACES IN FEDERAL LEAGUE FOR 1914

Associated Press Telegram
Indianapolis, Nov. 1.—Four cities, Baltimore, Buffalo, Philadelphia and Milwaukee will ask for places in the circuit of the Federal baseball league when the directors of the organization open their two days' session here this morning. Baltimore, it is said, has raised a guarantee of \$75,000 and has secured desirable grounds for a park and practically is assured of being one of the two towns to be taken into the league. Cleveland, Pittsburgh, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City and Indianapolis each will retain its franchise.

Several of the baseball magnates were slow in arriving and the federal league meeting did not begin until about noon. The winding up of the business of the six club organization was expected to occupy most of the afternoon. Then would follow the voting on two clubs to be taken into the league, after which would come the election of officers, the posting of guarantees to continue throughout the season and other questions for next year. The only development this morning was the report that Charles Carr, former manager of the Kansas City American Association team would be a candidate for president of the league, to succeed John A. Powers of Chicago, the organizer.

DENVER SHOWS NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 1.—A unique exposition opening here today is the Colorado Industrial Exposition, held at the new Grand Central Palace. The City of Denver in miniature is a feature of the show.

SAVED HIS FOOT.

H. D. Ely, of Bantam, O., suffered from horrible ulcer on his foot for four years. Doctor advised amputation, but he refused, and reluctantly tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve as a last resort. He then wrote: "I used your salve and my foot was soon completely cured. Best remedy for burns, cuts, bruises, and eczema. Got a box today. Only 25c. All druggists or by mail, H. E. Bucklen & Co., Philadelphia or St. Louis."

WATERY BLISTERS ON CHILD'S FACE

Kept Scratching Until Cheeks Fiered, Skin Cracked and Scaly, Itched and Burned. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. No Return of Trouble.

Smithville, Ind.—"Six months ago our baby girl, one year old, had a few red pimples come on her face which gradually spread causing her face to become very irritated and a fiery red color. The pimples on the child's face were as first small watery blisters just a small blotch on the skin. She kept scratching at this until in a few days her whole cheeks were fiery red color and instead of the little blisters the skin was cracked and scaly itching and seemed to itch and burn very much.

"We used a number of remedies which seemed to give relief for a short time then leave her face worse than ever. Finally we got a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment. I washed the child's face with very warm water and Cuticura Soap, then applied the Cuticura Ointment very lightly. After doing this about three times a day the itching and burning ceased entirely gone in two days' time. Inside of two weeks' time her face seemed well. That was eight months ago and there has been no return of the trouble." (Signed) Mrs. A. K. Wooden, Nov. 4, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment do so much for poor complexion, red, rough hands, and dry, thin and falling hair, and cure so little that it is almost criminal not to use them. Sold by dealers throughout the world. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 35¢ book on the skin and scalp. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

"Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp."

APPEAL FOR THE SUBWAY PROPOSITION

The voters of the section, or part of a city, cannot afford to overlook the claims or interests of those of other parts, or to array themselves against the proper solution of conditions vitally affecting the lives and interests of any considerable number of its citizens.

The citizens of the South End are asking for the correction of conditions which residents of other parts of the city would pronounce intolerable were they made suddenly to apply to them. If it would be wrong for other parts of the city—why not for the South End?

Can we, even by lack of interest, say to these people, we don't care so long as we are not affected or, because we haven't all our problems remedied, you can't have yours? There must be the doing of things that are at hand—each wrong condition remedied helps to work out others.

In planning the elimination of the grade-crossings from First to Sixth streets, it was thought to attempt as much as could be done at one time, not jeopardizing the ultimate solution of the problem by trying to do too much, but planning that the work so done should ultimately lead to the final elimination of the grade-crossings in all parts of our city. This seems fair and honest and to oppose this bond issue because it does not take care of all grade-crossings at this time would be to deprive not only the citizens of the South Side, but all parts of the city in the future from this much-needed relief.

"Give and it shall be given unto you."

BAN JOHNSON FAVORS MORE GAMES IN SERIES

Associated Press Telegram
Chicago, Nov. 1.—World series baseball contests of nine games, at a reduction in the present scale of prices charged for admission, are favored by Ban B. Johnson, president of the American league and member of the national commission.

President Johnson said yesterday he believed that an extension in the number of championship games at a reduced price would be more satisfactory than the present arrangement of seven games. Such an arrangement, he contended, would permit more people to see the games at a lower cost. Many complaints, he said, have been made that out of town visitors pay large prices to see the world series games at the exclusion of home town fans, who have supported the team all season and who cannot afford the high prices.

THE P. SMITH SONS LUMBER CO.

Hotel Martinique

Broadway at 32d St., NEW YORK.
600 Rooms 400 Baths
Splendid room, with adjoining bath, \$2.00.
With private bath, from \$2.50.
Special weekly rates.
Restaurant Prices Moderate.
The most convenient location to theatres, department stores and all travel lines, luggage transferred to and from Pennsylvania Station free.

Chas. S. Taylor, President.
Walter Gibson, Vice-President.
Walter Chandler, Jr., Gen. Mgr.Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful Marvel Whitely Douche

Ask your druggist for the correct way to use the MARVEL, except on other, but send stamp for book, Marvel Co., 44 E. 24th St., N. Y.

BREAKS A COLD IN A FEW HOURS

First dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" relieves gripe misery—Contains no quinine.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken will end gripe misery and break up a severe cold either in the head, chest, body or limbs.

It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages; stops nasty discharge or nose running; relieves sick headache, dizziness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

"Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only 25 cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, and causes no inconvenience. Don't accept a substitute.

How Beaver Board is Put Up

On New Walls or Old

THAT'S one of the 41 great advantages of Beaver Board. It can either be nailed direct to wall and ceiling beams, or put over old, cracked plaster walls. Wallpaper is not used in either case, as you get more beautiful, durable and sanitary results by painting.

Beaver Board is easily and quickly put up, is very strong, makes a house warmer in winter, cooler in summer.

We can't begin to tell you all its merits here; but write us or call, and get full particulars.

THE P. SMITH SONS LUMBER CO.

Hotel Martinique

Broadway at 32d St., NEW YORK.
600 Rooms 400 Baths
Splendid room, with adjoining bath, \$2.00.
With private bath, from \$2.50.
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The most convenient location to theatres, department stores and all travel lines, luggage transferred to and from Pennsylvania Station free.

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Ask your druggist for the correct way to use the MARVEL, except on other, but send stamp for book, Marvel Co., 44 E. 24th St., N. Y.

McClain's

"The Style Shop For Women"

One \$275 Upright Piano Free OR \$100.00 IN CASH DIVIDED

Hard Rubber 14-Karat Gold Fountain Pen to Each One Who Answers This Ad

Hard Rubber 14-Karat Gold Fountain Pen to Each One Who Answers This Ad

Can you read in this circle the name of the world's best Player Piano?

To the person who can read the hidden name of our great Player Piano in the above circle and mails or brings the answer to us not later than Monday, Nov. 3, 1912, we will give absolutely Free one beautiful Kurtzweil Upright Piano, price \$275, with free stool, delivery and one free tuning in 6 months. In case two or more persons send in the correct reading of the circle, we will not give the Piano, but will divide \$100 in cash among the tying contestants.

By holding this circle before you and glancing from the bottom to the top, you will find the name of one of the greatest Player Pianos there, which, if you read correctly, means much to you.

No employee of our company is eligible to take part in this and we will accept only one reply from each home. Each one replying will be presented with a Hard Rubber Gold Fountain Pen. Write your answer on this or any other piece of paper.

The winner or winners will be notified by mail as soon as the committee of five distinguished persons make the decision.

A. B. SMITH PIANO CO.

33 West Main St., Opposite Market House.
WM. ELLIOTT, STATE AGENT.

5% THIS SHOULD INTEREST YOU 5%

The Citizens Building & Loan Association

No. 31 South Third Street Established 1880

Have taken an active part in assisting hundreds of families to own their homes. The charter is perpetual and during the 33 years it has been in business all money deposited with it has been paid on demand. Last year a dividend of 6 per cent was paid all stockholders and BORROWERS.

We Guarantee 5% On Special Deposits

Now is the time to start a savings account, no matter how small. It will have our time and attention. If you have ample security and want to borrow to build a home we are in business to help you. Investigate where you like then see us. We want to convince you where to borrow.

DIRECTORS:
Julius J. D. McNamee, Chas. Miller, John Schrier
Ashbury Bishop, Chas. O'Bannon, Geo. E. Kinney
George Frohlich, Herbert D. Harris, C. L. V. Helts

Bad Teeth ...Mean... Bad Health

Bad teeth mean Bad Mastication—Bad Mastication means Bad Digestion—Bad Digestion means Bad Assimilation—Bad Assimilation means Bad Health. Have your teeth attended to and enjoy Good Health.

SHAI & HILL DENTISTS

NONE BETTER. SOUTHEAST CORNER SQUARE. Specialists in the use of Nitrous Oxide for Painless Dentistry.

THE MAN WITH THE TROWEL

cannot be fooled with poor cement, mortar or plaster. He knows the kind that will prove the most lasting. Ask the best mechanics where to get the best building materials. Most of them will at once name us for they have used our specialties. Have us fill your next building material order and you'll prove your good judgment.


HENRY O. NORRIS

Locust and Fourth Streets.

THAT HEAVY SUIT OR OVERCOAT

WILL LOOK LIKE NEW AND LAST ANOTHER SEASON —IF—

CLEANED and PRESSED at 51 NORTH FOURTH STREET.



Baker's Cocoa

IS GOOD COCOA

Of fine quality, made from carefully selected high-grade cocoa beans, skillfully blended, prepared by a perfect mechanical process, without the use of chemicals or dyes. It contains no added potash, possesses a delicious natural flavor, and is of great food value.

Booklet of Choice Recipes sent free

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.
Established 1780 DORCHESTER, MASS.

With Ohio Club Women

Conducted by Mrs. Charles S. Rockhill, Chairman of the Publicity Department of the Ohio Federation of Women's Clubs.

Chillicothe Convention.

The eighteenth annual convention of the Ohio Federation of Women's Clubs will be memorable, with more than six hundred in attendance, the largest in the history of the Federation; the gracious entertainment of the delegates and visiting club women by hospitable, charming Chillicothe, the usually harmonious spirit which pervaded the convention and the wonderfully fine progress, replete with the best in all departments. The speakers engaged were the foremost of the country. The musical given by the chairman of State Music Department was unusually fine, the musical numbers being interspersed by a choice bit of imagery and satire, in an imaginary "Council of Critics" by Miss Alice Halls of Cincinnati and a most interesting retrospect of the beginnings of musical clubs by Mrs. Edgar F. Draper of Portsmouth, extending over a period of twenty years.

The banquet given by the Century club of Chillicothe to the delegates and visiting club women will not soon be forgotten by those fortunate enough to be present. The banquet committee and able chairman, Miss Agnes Holand, have reason to be very proud of the beautiful arrangements. The beauty of the hall with its profusion of yellow and white chrysanthemums and the exquisite little souvenirs and place cards, carrying out the same color scheme, the same tone being used in the softly shaded candles — the beautifully decorated speakers' table, and the inspiring music furnished by Chillicothe's orchestra all combined to make this annual festive occasion unusually delightful. Four hundred of Ohio's most prominent women were seated at the artistically decorated tables, and an elaborate banquet was served, the efficient and quiet service of the caterer and his aides helping much toward the success of the occasion.

Mrs. James R. Hopley of Bucyrus, formerly of Granville, was toastmistress, and her charming personality and gracious introductions helped to make most delightful the toasts, "what is the best thing in my club life" were many and varied, and each brought out a different phase of this wonderful influence in women's lives, each message bringing to those earnest loyal women encouragement and inspiration. We regret that lack of space forbids even mentioning many of the interesting features of this most interesting convention.

We wish, however, to speak of a signal tribute given by Chillicothe's Board of Trade to Ohio womanhood as represented by the delegates to this convention. The second day of

ment to the Constitution providing for the appointment of women on State Boards.

The response was immediate and enthusiastic, and the spirit displayed most gratifying. Among these was the Century club of Dayton, consisting entirely of women employees of the National Cash Register company, who sent in one of the largest contributions received, twenty-five dollars, to help in securing women at the head of institutions having the care of women and children.

The Federation is very proud of this club of bright young business women who are not only interested in their own progress but so generously reach out with their interest a means to less fortunate women.

Club Notes.

The third women's Chamber of Commerce in the United States will be established in Des Moines, Ia., upon a permanent basis this month.

A Civic club has been formed in Junesville, Wis., taking in all existing clubs and open to all women who want to join. Mass meetings will be held and lectures arranged to educate public sentiment to needed civic reforms.

College and clubwomen in Pennsylvania have established a horticultural school for women, which may result in the forming of a national women's horticultural association. It is not only proposed through the association to stimulate interest in the "back to the farm" movement but also to establish a bureau through which young women trained in horticultural pursuits may obtain positions.

The State Federation of Ohio Farm Women's clubs has been organized by Miss Harriet Mason a vice president of the Cleveland Women's Press club. The charter membership of forty-two clubs with a membership of 1,000, is scattered over twenty-four counties.

The object is: "The social enlightenment of farm women and rural communities." Lectures will be given all over the state on house sanitation, chemistry of foods, cookery, canning and preserving. An effort will be made to secure from manufacturers of kitchen utensils, inexpensive outfits for rural schools that scientific home-making may be taught without assuming unreasonable financial responsibility.

Society

On Thursday evening the club women of the city and their friends, convened to hear the report of the delegate sent by the City Federation of Women's clubs to the convention which was held last week in Chillicothe.

Mrs. Charles H. Spencer opened her spacious home for the occasion, and the program as arranged and carried out was most entertaining and stimulating to the club women in their various activities and lines of study. Music—Minuet Paderewski

Address—By President of the City Federation Mrs. A. S. Mitchell
Music—a "Love Theme" Grieg
b Woodland Wanderings Mrs. Charles Miller.

Report of Delegate Mrs. Frank Agnew.
Echoes from the Convention—Delegates from Various Clubs.

Mrs. Agnew's report was clever and concise, replete with information and abounding in excerpts from the addresses of many eminent speakers on the program.

"There are now nearly 500 clubs with a membership of 50,000 women in the Ohio State Federation." "Eighty-nine or ninety clubs were admitted this year." The Ohio Federation was the instigator of the movement as recorded in an amendment now before the electors of the state, which demands that women shall be permitted to become members of boards, and to hold positions in those state institutions that care for women or children or both.

Mrs. Randolph, delegate of the Research club spoke of the session devoted to the discussion of this amendment, and gave an account of an address by Senator W. A. Greenleaf, "Women's Opportunities in Legislative and State Affairs," and his favorable attitude towards the amendment. Also of the address by Martha P. Falconer, superintendent of Sleighton Farm, a model institution for girls in Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Fant, delegate of the Unity Reading Circle, and chairman of committee on Child Welfare of the City Federation, confined her remarks to that subject and to conservation—The Nation and its Waters—as presented to the convention by Mr. Arthur E. Morgan of the Morgan Engineering Company of Dayton.

Mrs. C. B. Darnmore of the Coterie Club brought a fine mental picture of Miss Jane Addams of Hull House, and quoted freely from her address, "Developments in Woman Suffrage."

The delegate, Miss Grace Davis, of the Photoretan club, presented "The Work of the Ohio School Survey" by Dr. Horace L. Brittain of the Training School for Public Service, New York, and voiced his plea for better training for school teachers in the rural districts.

After the reports were concluded, Mrs. Kibler, chairman of the club Extension committee, announced that the venture of changing the Sunday Afternoon meetings at Riverside school house to an evening meeting was most successful as the increased attendance to hear Mr. Don Tullis testified.

The meeting was brought to a close with the singing of the hymn of the Ohio Federation, "Blest be the tie that binds."

MOULL-GREEN

On Thursday at the home of Rev. J. R. Green, Cedar avenue and Seventy-eighth street, Cleveland, Rev. D. A. Green of Newark and Miss Allie Grace Moull were married.

Those present were: Miss Kate Moull of Newark, and sister, Mrs. H. A. Maestick and her son, Mr. George Maestick both of Cleveland; and George Maestick, both of Cleveland, and George

Navy; also Mrs. Harriet Green, mother of Rev. D. A. and J. R. Green, Mrs. J. R. Green, Albert Foster, a brother-in-law, and Ross Davis, a nephew.

Chrysanthemum blooms in the two colors of yellow and lavender, were clustered about the home of Mrs. E. T. Rugg in Hudson avenue when she entertained on Friday afternoon, with a reception at a Carroll home to Mrs. Ed Doe. The guests were a few days before the party was held.

The reception hall, where Mrs. Rugg and Mrs. Doe received the guests, was heated with yellow chrysanthemums, while in the parlor, beautiful wicker baskets were filled with yellow hair ferns and lavender chrysanthemums.

The mantle was banked with autumn leaves. The color scheme in the living room was yellow and the luncheon table in the dining room was centered with a basket of yellow chrysanthemums, while the electrolite was festooned with similar and yellow roses were used on the serving table and the buffet.

The hours were from 2:30 to 5 o'clock and assisting Mrs. Rugg and her two nieces, Miss Lillian Rugg and Miss Olive Black, and Mrs. E. Cary Norris, Mrs. Charles Galt, Mrs. Samuel Sachs, Mrs. T. M. Rugg, Miss Gertrude Sook and Mrs. Lester Redding of Columbus.

About 100 guests called during the hours and for favors each guest received a yellow chrysanthemum.

A delightful children's party made gay by the use of Halloween decorations and weird and interesting games, was given by Miss Mary Miller on Friday afternoon at her West Church street home. Miss Miller entertained for her niece, Catherine Elizabeth Miller.

The house was transformed to the haunt of witches and phantoms and each little guest was received at the door by Catherine Elizabeth Miller and Harriet Miller attired as witches. As each entered she received a Halloween pennant. Pumpkin faces and golden corn with autumn leaves made the decorations. A Halloween luncheon was served the guests securing their partners by the matching of cards, and it was served picnic fashion. A fortune teller, Miss Miller, added to the festivity, and much merriment was created by the use of Japanese balls, which float like bubbles. The children were then given false faces and a fantastic parade was given the march being played by Mrs. Don Tullis.

Assisting Miss Miller in entertaining the children were Mrs. Don Tullis, Mrs. W. P. Miller, Mrs. E. C. Miller, and Miss Ida Weigand.

The little guests were: Charlotte Knauss, Margaret Hawkins, Virginia Klepp, Virginia Wolfen, Angela Kennedy, Helen Davis, Margaret Bowers, Dorothy Bourner, Elizabeth Scott, Virginia Nye, Margaret Fulton, Elizabeth King, Martha Lee Smith, Gladys Walker, Alice Miller, Elizabeth Corne, Francis Sprague, Winona Linberlake, Lella Still, Fulton Eade, Billie Woodbridge, Dot Luther, Daisy and Mary James Van Voorhis of Granville.

On Thursday evening Mrs. Ida Gundy entertained with a Halloween party at her home in Fourth street. About fifty guests were present. The evening was spent in games and music. At a late hour a three course luncheon was served the guests.

Miss Pearl Blinn was hostess to the Busy Bee Embroidery club at her home Thursday afternoon. The principal feature of the occasion was the miscellaneous shower given in honor of Mrs. Bert Horton, who was recently married and received many useful and pretty gifts. The afternoon was delightfully spent in games and music after which an elaborate luncheon was served.

A party of young people enjoyed a Halloween hayride to the home of Henry Thorpe, one mile up Possum Hollow. Twelve couples were present and an oyster supper was served. The evening was spent with games and music.

Those in the party were: Misses Georgia McCoy, Ellen Boswick, Laura Dial, Florence Stagers, Margaret Caldwell, Hazel Slate, Katherine Stauch, Helen Dial, Ella Lytle, Ida Dunnead, Hallie Wilson, Messrs. Lawrence Legge, Henry Stauch, George Beck, Henry Thorpe, Henry Vogel, Oliver Parr, Irwin Reedy, J. Benjamin Friend, Earl Vushands, William Francis, William Vogel and Washnet McCoy. The party was chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. Homer Parr.

A merry crowd of Welde stove inspectors gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. I. McElwain Thursday evening and very successfully surprised their son, Iris, who with Mr. Robert Harvey will leave Sunday for their future home in Amistad, New Mexico.

Mr. Carl Stoll in a very appropriate way presented Mr. McElwain with a beautiful watch fob. Another surprise of the evening was the presentation of a similar fob to Mr. Harvey, showing the high esteem in which these gentlemen are held by their employers.

Various games and a poker were indulged in throughout the evening. A most appetizing luncheon was served by Mrs. McElwain.

Those present were: Messrs. Iris McElwain, Robert Harvey, Carl Stoll, Charles Horner, W. Frankenberg, Fred Cummings, Edward Higgs, Perry Helmke, Geo. Hurd, Herbert Leonard, Fred Mours, Joan McElwain, George Cullison, George C. McElwain, and Charles A. McElwain; Messrs. and Mesdames Walter Trickey S. I. McElwain, Frank W. Wright, N. C. McElwain, and the Messrs. Ella Warrington, Georgia McElwain, Marie Trickey, Althea McElwain and Mary Walker.

The guests departed at a late hour, wishing Mr. McElwain and Mr. Harvey success in their new home.

At the home of Mrs. C. V. Walker in Kirkersville, O., at 6 o'clock in the evening, Thursday, October 26, 1912, a pretty wedding ceremony was performed by Rev. O. L. Martin, pastor of the Baptist church, uniting in the holy bonds of wedlock Mr. Harvey W. Jones, a recent graduate of the Ohio State University,

and Miss Myrtle B. Walker, one of Kirkersville's most talented and popular young ladies. The young couple has the best wishes of a large circle of friends. They will probably make their home in Pennsylvania, where the groom is general manager of a large real estate company, carrying on extensive scientific farming.

The Harmonious club will meet with Mrs. Charles Whitehead, instead of with Mrs. Charles Keller on Tuesday afternoon.

Miss Marie Brown was pleasantly surprised at her home in East Main street Friday evening by a number of her friends dressed in true Halloween fashion. Merriment, music, and games reigned supreme throughout the evening. In the mellow glow of the jack o'lanterns a real Halloween feast was served at 9:30 o'clock and at a late hour the guests started for their respective homes.

The guests were: Messrs. Esther Squiggins, Verna Patterson, Thelma Fairall, Mary Courson, Alberta Emmons, Mable Lynn, Emma Hampshire, Helen Diehl, Pearl Weaver, Messrs. Basil Gander, George Lynn, George Barr, Lester Long, Ralph Loughery, Paul Fairall, Clarence Jones, Newell Sheen, Orrie Colring, Lawrence House, Arthur Hampshire, Raymond and Wilber Brown.

Mrs. Gladys Massey entertained the Trinity Sewing club Friday evening at the home of her father, J. V. Hilliard, 128 West Church street. A color scheme of yellow and white was followed out in the decorations, which were appropriate to the Halloween season. Euchre furnished amusement during the evening and the prizes were awarded to Miss Mabel Young and Mr. Warren Suter.

The guests were Messrs. and Mesdames Wayne Collier, Arthur Haynes, Robert Haslop, Homes Jones, H. C. Ashcraft, Nelson Pierson, Henry Gerlach, Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Sapp, Dr. and Mrs. H. B. Anderson, Misses Mary Neal, Maude Lida, Josephine Roche, Cora Skinner, Helen Pigg and Mabel Young, Rev. L. P. Franklin, Messrs. Warren Suter, Frank Graham, Cary Goodwin, Jack Smith and Mr. Jenkins.

Edward and Mary Vogelmeier, children of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Vogelmeier, were the honor guests at a pretty juvenile party given by their parents at the Vogelmeier home in Franklin street. The house was elaborately decorated with leaves, corn, and weird light was cast over all by jack o'lanterns. In a peanut hunt Marion Shields was the fortunate one and Mary Brownfield was awarded a pretty gift in the bean contest. A Halloween luncheon was served the following: Mary Brownfield, Grace Dunn, Marie Baker, Helen Vogelmeier, Gertrude Harrison, Florence Geidenberg, Dorothy Vogelmeier, Marion Shields, Mary Mitchell, Mary Cleary, Mary Vogelmeier, Marguerite Wright, Helen Brown, Robert Baker, Theodore Simmross, Floyd Wyeth, Fred Simmross, George Brownfield, Allen Houch, Carl Geidenberg, Wayne Snelling, Philip Vogelmeier, Wayne Dunne, Rapa Cleary, Henry Vogelmeier, Willard Wilson, Edward Vogelmeier.

Mrs. Sol L. Hirschberg is entertaining with a pretty children's party this afternoon at her home in North Fifth street. The event honors her daughter, Irma, it being her sixth birthday anniversary.

The little guests present are: Irma Hirschberg, Angela Kennedy, Bessie Wright, Anna Linsey Wright, Helen Corkwick, Elizabeth Corkwick, Dorothy Hirschberg, Heywood Bartholomew, Billy Bartholomew, Francis Kennedy.

With autumnal decorations of various kinds and many grotesque pumpkin faces peeping from every corner of the room, the home of Miss Anna Votring and Miss Edith Mackey of Hudson avenue presented an inviting place for a gathering of a few friends. Friday evening, Games pertaining to the season were enjoyed and a delightful Halloween supper was served. The tables held a large pumpkin filled with grapes and apples.

The guests were: Miss Sarah Buckingham, Miss Emma Spencer, Miss Margaret Buckingham, Miss Dora Lisle, Miss Mary Buckingham and Mrs. John Thompson, Mr. H. O. Norris and Mr. W. H. Lisle.

A delightful Halloween party was given at the home of Miss Nellie Smith of North Tenth street, Friday evening. The time was spent in music and games and a dainty luncheon was served.

The following guests were present: Misses Mary Veach, Grace Hammond, Hester George, Pauline Stasel, Edith Anderson, Nellie Hall, Vernie Stasel, Velma Hall, Mary George, Nellie Smith, Messrs. Stanley George, Howard Stasel, Charles Linn, Earl Evans, George Stewart, Arthur Barcus, Orval Westbrook, Sam Westbrook, William Paulson, Verne George, Carl Elson, Willis Brown, Rolan Primer, Lennie Smith, Lora Smith, Harold Anderson, John Miller and David Smith.

On Thursday evening Miss Mary Young entertained the members of her humble club at her home in North Fourth street. The home was arranged with decorations appropriate to the festival of Halloween and a delicious refection was served the following members: Misses Irene Cosgrove, Bessie Smith, Alice McMahon, Hazel Kirk, Julia McCarthy, Beatrice Kirk, Christine Young and Mrs. Wm. Young, Jr.

Members assembled at the Country Club Friday evening for the purpose of celebrating Halloween. Dancing and games made the function one of the successes of the season.

Jack-o'-lanterns, leaves from the nearby woods and all the decorations in harmony with the function beautified the reception room.

Refreshments in accord with the season were served at a late hour.

Mrs. P. M. Bozler and Mrs. Samuel Cohen proved themselves two delightful hostesses when they entertained Friday evening at the home of Mrs. Bozler in Hudson avenue, with a Halloween party, all the arrange-

Carroll's

Monday
and
Tuesday

A Special Display
of

AUTHENTIC FUR STYLES

by
REVILLON FRERES

of New York, London
and Paris. The largest
and oldest Fur House
in the world.

Whether you mean to
have new furs this winter
or not, you will want
to see these RICH and
BECOMING FUR
COATS AND SETS.

If you love Music, you should have a VICTROLA in your home.

John J. Carroll

ments for which, were marked by guests of Prof. and Mrs. Horace E. Croner, the latter being their daughter. The residence were transformed, shocks of corn being mused on the walls, reaching to the ceiling and the ceiling and chandeliers were covered with autumn leaves. A Halloween luncheon was served and the hours were given over to the "Jazz" dance. Virginia reel and other old-time dances. The guests were in costume, each one representing some well known advertisement. The souvenirs for originality in costume was awarded to Mrs. Carl Swisher and Mr. Samuel Cohen.

The following were guests: Dr. and Mrs. Price, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Swisher, Mr. and Mrs. Jay Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Moore, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gleisner, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Deane, Misses Katherine Sedgwick, Lenora Phillips, Louise Jones, Mary Maholin, Messrs. Trevor Davies, Carl Erman, Floyd Adams, Ray Patterson, and Ned Putnam of Granville and Mrs. A. G. Wise of Philadelphia.

Miss Stella Tinnen was hostess to the Poinsettia Embroidery club, Monday evening at her home in Channel street. The hours were pleasantly spent in needle work and conversation. The annual election of officers was held and resulted as follows: President, Mrs. Spencer Pink, secretary-treasurer, Miss Lillian F. Keller; vice president, corresponding secretary, Miss M. Emma Jones.

Dainty refreshments were served the following: Mrs. Pink, Mrs. C. B. Worden, Mrs. Arthur Davis, Mrs. E. E. Ryan, Mrs. C. B. Keller, Misses Zelma Riggs, Keller, Jones, Wilson and the hostess.

The next meeting will be held Monday, November 3 with Miss Riggs entertaining at the home of Mrs. Worden in Eastern avenue.

Personal

Miss Florence Jones will spend Sunday in Columbus the last of the series. Miss Jane McNamara will be in the city on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. H. City R. Kriele of Granville spent Friday night in the city.

W. T. Kain of Canal Dover was a visitor in the city yesterday.

Frederic M. Blair returned home yesterday from Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Harrington spent Friday in Zanesville.

Mrs. J. D. Keele left Friday for Chicago, Ill., where she was called by the serious illness of her brother.

Mr. and Mrs. Joel Grove and daughter Mildred have returned home after spending several days in Berea, Ky., sent out with messengers for aid.

Coming Events

Election of mayor and other officials in Newark, Nov. 4.

MISS THE MASSACRE.

ASSOCIATED PRESS TOLEDO, Oct. 31.—William Caldwell, Pa., Nov. 1—William Caldwell, who missed the massacre of General Custer's force on Little Big Horn because he was sent to General Reno with a message, is dead here. Caldwell, who was 18 years old at the time of Sitting Bull's slaughter of Custer's army, was one of two men who had been sent out with messengers for aid.

Perfect dressing demands
carefully selected hosiery.

McCallum Silk Hosiery

has long been the choice of fair women. It wears as well as looks and costs but little more.

Matched trending silk in a guarantee envelope with every pair.

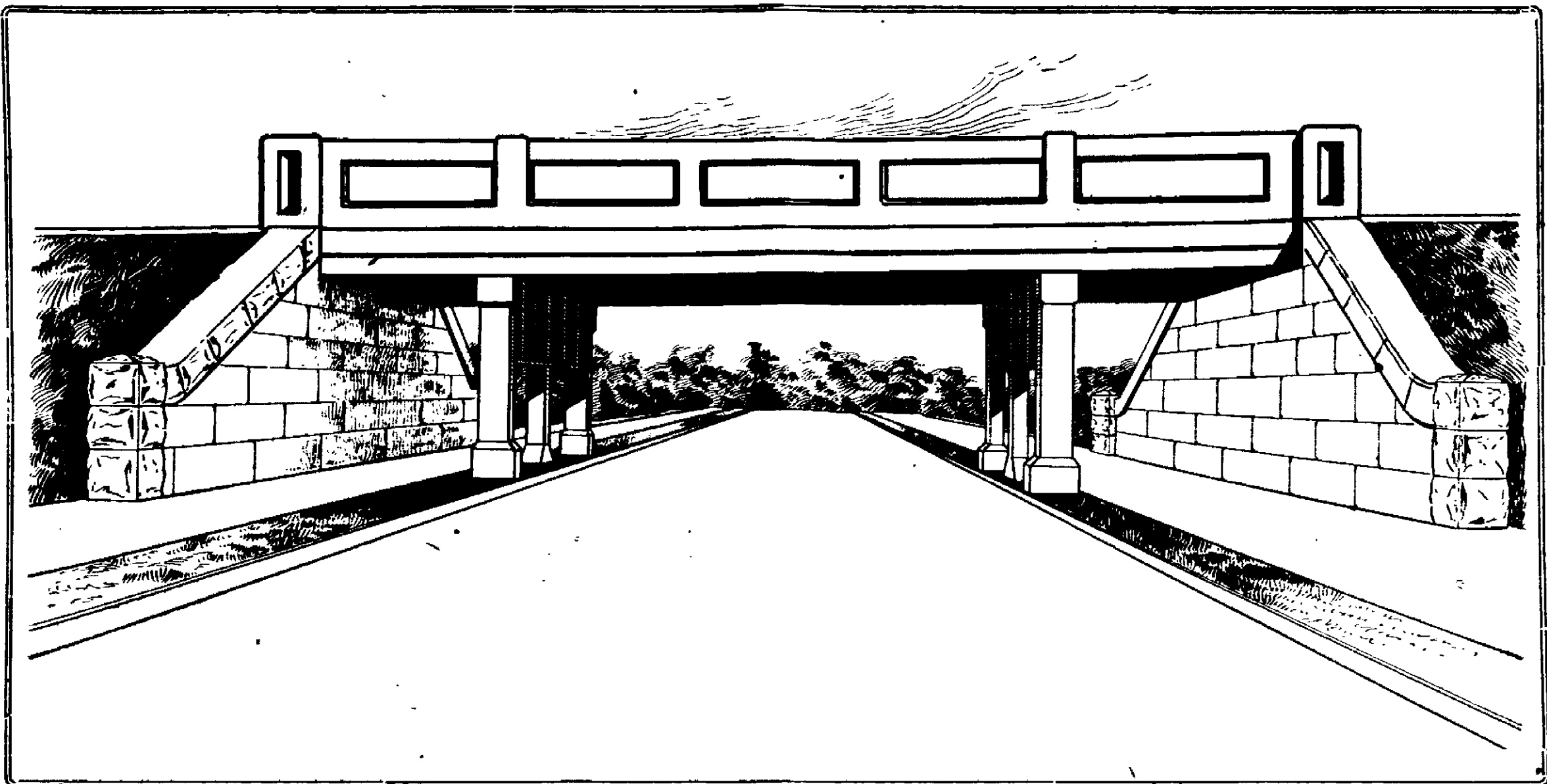
Sold at the best stores in town. Write us for handsome booklet, "Through My Lady's Ring."
McCALLUM HOSIERY CO.
Northampton, Mass.

OILS ANYTHING CLEANS, POLISHES EVERYTHING PREVENTS RUST EVERYWHERE

24-ONE has been for 18 years the Old Reliable, largest-selling home and office oil. It is light enough to oil a watch; heavy enough to oil a lawn mower. On a soft cloth it becomes an ideal furniture polish. Makes a yard of chrome cloth the best and cheapest in any climate.

And 3-IN-ONE absolutely prevents rust or tarnish on all metal surfaces, ladles and out, in any climate.

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MURDOCK LECTURE PLEASES

Hon. Victor Murdock, congressman, journalist, orator and a leader in the Bull Moose party, opened the lyceum course at the high school Friday night with his sensational lecture, "Marching With New Crusaders." Polished, orotund, explosive—he vehemently denounced the encroachment of special privilege and advocated every plank of the Bull Moose platform. Words wrenched from the dictionary and carefully chosen phrases embellished by his scintillating sense of humor constituted one of the best

oratorical displays ever heard in this city. When the speaker was introduced to the large audience by Prof. Oren J. Barnes, so dramatic was the opening of the address of the former that it at first seemed doubtful whether the advertised lecture of the congressman was to be a treatise on social and political subjects or a display of dramatic ability. In the style of Rufus Choate, he took his audience by storm and then scoured special privilege and its governmental bulwarks. The fraud of the railroads which was checked during the administration of Roosevelt and how he opposed the \$5,000,000 theft were next explained. He declared that the people should be independent of any political organization and illuminated the remainder of his lecture with oratorical flights discussing the issues of the present in congress and in the country. This dynamic congressman made his audience feel that a bounding Bull Moose was in their midst. An opening number for the lyceum course he afforded an instructive,

entertaining and attractive number as could be procured. He is from Kansas and a resident of Wichita.

GRANVILLE NEWS

Mrs. Mary King of Pataskala is spending the week end with Mrs. Minnie B. Kerr. Miss Ann Hughes has been visiting at the home of her nephew, Mr. Geo. Reese, who resides on the Lancaster road. Mrs. Robert Owen is gradually recovering from the injuries she received about three weeks ago when the buggy in which she was riding turned over and she was thrown out. Mrs. Fred Buxton, Miss Addie McClain, Mrs. Minnie B. Kerr and Mrs. S. L. Hoover of Columbus were Newark visitors today. The following party left Granville Saturday morning for Columbus to attend the Ohio State—Indiana football game: J. N. Spencer, H. E. Carney, E. H. Davies, R. S. Knapp, E. W. Chamberlain, L. E. Shepard, G. E. Lyon, H. N. Arnold. A meeting was held in the Town Hall Friday evening at 7:30. A large number of townspeople were out to hear Rev. Mr. Brelsford and L. W. Casady lecture on some live topics. Rev. Mr. Brelsford gave a short resume of the Anti-Shipping Bill and L. W. Casady gave a clear interpretation of the proposed constitutional amendments, which will be voted on at the coming election, November 4. J. N. Darrow, Ralph Morrow and Robert Adair motored to Columbus this morning with Harry Denning to

attend the Ohio State—Indiana football game. The students of Denison will be more or less concerned by the new election law which does not permit them to exercise the right of suffrage. The law reads as follows: "No person who comes into a county for the purpose merely of attending school, academy, college, university or other institution of learning, and who is in such county merely for such purpose and who does not intend to reside in the county to which he came when he ceased attending such school, academy, college, university, or other institution of learning, shall be permitted to vote in such county at any election held therein in this state or a political division thereof." This law will be somewhat disconcerting to a large number of students who intended to participate in the coming election. The people of Granville will have six ballots to mark, namely: Village ticket, township ticket, board of education, bond issue, constitutional amendments and referendum, and there will necessarily have to be six ballot boxes.

ARTHUR BOLLWINE



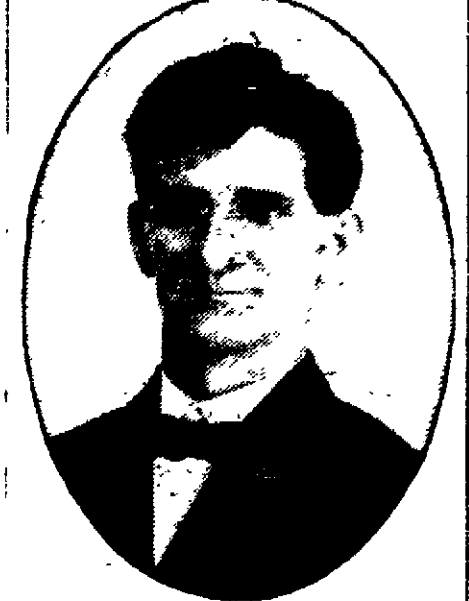
Solicits your support for Township Trustee at the election Tuesday, Nov. 4.

NEWARK MONUMENT COMPANY
MEMORIALS OF QUALITY

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THE DIAMOND BRAND
Ladies, Ask Your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills. This is a safe and sure remedy for all ailments of the female system. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist, or write to CHICHESTER DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, 150 years known as Best, Safest, A Most Reliable. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

TO DISCUSS "SECOND CHANCE" PROPOSITION

"Two Salvations But No Second Chance" is the interesting subject announced for Evangelist P. D. Pottle's lecture at the High School Auditorium tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. This is the closing lecture of the International Bible Students' Association.



Evangelist P. D. Pottle. clation Bible discourses given here and will probably be the largest attended, for the "Second Chance" proposition is a lively one and a great many will be interested in hearing it discussed. The speaker is said to be a man of rare talents and a very fluent, logical and forceful speaker thoroughly versed in the Scriptures. The discussion will be from an unsectarian standpoint, the Bible alone being referred to for authority. Everything will be free, and the "plate" won't be passed.

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Brotherhood Candidates for COUNCILMEN-AT-LARGE



JOHN F. SWISHER.



J. H. MILLER.

X | JOHN F. SWISHER, Grocerman
X | JACOB H. MILLER, Attorney

These candidates were nominated for Council-at-Large by the Federation of Church Brotherhoods. These names had to appear on the Citizens Ticket. Find them and mark X before each.

EXTRACT FROM REPORT OF H. D. DEFENBACHER, STATE EXAMINER OF MUNICIPAL WATER WORKS.

Filed February 1, 1913, with Vic Donohay, State Auditor. Pages 40 and 41. GENERAL RESULT OF MUNICIPAL WORKS, 1911 AND 1912.

	1911	1912
Total Annual Revenue	\$22,157.10	\$29,131.70
Estimated Free Water, Fire Hydrants, Etc. at \$20.00	14,200.00	14,200.00
Cost of Free Water, estimated	1,775.00	1,775.00
Total	\$7,182.10	\$7,155.70
Total Annual Expense	\$15,721.9	\$15,721.9
Less Taxes Paid on \$15,721.9 (1911)	2,583.81	2,583.81
Net Profit	\$4,598.29	\$4,572.89
Total	\$9,186.10	\$9,148.70

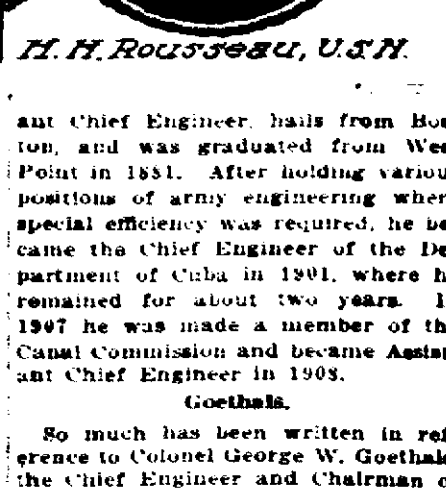
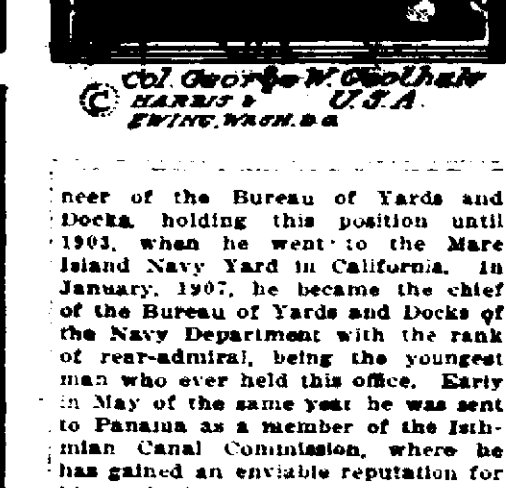
Not Profitable, but a good result for 1912.
W. C. CHRISTIAN
State Auditor

"Two Salvations But No Second Chance"



This is a "Speaking likeness" of
Pastor P. D. Pottle, V. D. M.
Who will be the speaker at the
High School Auditorium tomorrow at 3 p. m.
Yourself and friends are invited
Admission Free--Seats Free--No Collections
See large notice at top of page 9.

THE MEN WHO BUILT THE CANAL



Col. D. D. Gaillard U.S.A.

Col. William L. Sibert

Sidney B. Williamson

John F. Wallace

John F. Stevens

Col. George W. Goethals U.S.A.

H. H. Rousseau, U.S.N.

A Brief History of the Heroes of the Canal Work from the Time of De Lesseps To the Present Day.

MORE than four hundred years ago Columbus sought in vain for a waterway across the land now known as Panama, and died still believing that such a thing existed. Today this dream is a reality—the result of American brains and money.

As far back as 1559 the United States and Great Britain entered into an agreement known as the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty, the purpose of which was to extend a joint protection over a canal between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. When this treaty was signed it seemed that the canal would cross Nicaragua, but the contract which had been made between that country and an American Company in 1856 was revoked on account of the financial difficulties of the Company in 1856. Several other projects were tried but they failed like the first. Just after the Civil War the canal subject again became prominent in the minds of the American people, and with it came an overwhelming sentiment that the canal should be controlled by Americans alone and there was great opposition to the ratification of the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty. The canal agitation rose and fell at intervals until 1899 when Ferdinand de Lesseps paid a visit to President Hayes in the Spring of that year. The distinguished Frenchman endeavored to get the consent of the American Government to what he called a European control of a projected canal across Panama. President Hayes refused to grant the request, and again it was decided that the canal must be under American control. However, the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty stood like a bugaboo and continued so until 1901, when it was abrogated and what is known as the Hay-Panama Treaty ratified to supersede the treaty of 1856. The latter treaty gave the United States the right to construct a canal, and also the right of providing for its regulation and management.

De Lesseps Appears on the Scene.
When Ferdinand de Lesseps arrived on the Isthmus in 1899 he was in the heyday of his fame as the master builder of the Suez Canal, which had been completed several years before. Two or three years before his arrival on the Isthmus surveys had been made across Panama and a French Company had received a ninety-nine year concession from that Government. One of the stipulations of the contract was that a commission of competent individuals was to lay out the route and report to the French Government not later than 1891. Through the exertions of de Lesseps a congress of one hundred and thirty-five individuals was held in Paris in May, 1898. More than half of the men were friends of de Lesseps, and only a very small percentage were engineers, and few of them had ever visited the Isthmus. It was a packed meeting in favor of de Lesseps, and they accepted his plan for a sea level canal from the Gulf of America to Panama Bay, which was to be completed in twelve years at the cost of \$214,000,000. After a report of transfers and selling of shares de Lesseps found himself in full command and he set to work with a staff full of visionary ideas of his own, and he was a canal builder and his responsibility of failure was upon him. He was destined to achieve disaster. He was a man who loved display and began operations with great pomp and circumstance, but the dynamite which was to start the excavation at Culebra failed to explode, ended in a fiasco. Several of the members of the congress were not quite satisfied and they went to Panama to study the route and make estimates of the work. Meanwhile de Lesseps sailed for New York in the hope of selling stock in the company and interesting the United States Government in the project. But although he failed in both purposes, he sent the most encouraging messages to Finance, telling of his success and these lines. His schemes, however, worked in France, and money poured into the coffers of the company for some time. In 1881 de Lesseps made a second visit to the canal and directors and balls were given in his honor.

There is also a further provision which reads as follows: "The Republic of Panama further grants to the United States in perpetuity the use, occupation and control of any other lands and waters outside of the zone above described which may be necessary and convenient for the construction, maintenance, operation, sanitation and protection of said canal."

In other words, if at any time the United States feels that the extra land and water is necessary to the operation of the canal we may absorb the whole Isthmus. Less than a week after this treaty was signed President Roosevelt appointed the first Isthmian Canal Commission. These men were at once confirmed by the Senate. The Commission consisted of the following men: Major-General George W. Davis; William P. Parsons, who was fresh from his work on the New York subway; William H. Burr, a professor of civil engineering in a New York University; Benjamin M. Harrod, a civil engineer of New Orleans; Carl E. Grunsky, of San Francisco; Frank T. Hecker, of Detroit; and Rear-Admiral John G. Walker. The brigade General Davis was appointed Civil Governor of the Canal Zone. On his arrival he went to work with such a vim that he had little time to attend the banquets and dinners which the citizens of Panama had planned for him, and the feelings of these people were deeply wounded. They proceeded to President Roosevelt and finally General Davis was induced to attend their banquets and all went well.

Some time during June, 1904, Mr. John Findlay Wallace, who was at that time General Manager of the Illinois Central Railroad, was appointed chief engineer of the canal work. Mr. Wallace was regarded as one of the best railroad construction men in the country and was at that time about thirty-two years of age. When he reached the Isthmus he found things in a wretched condition, miserable living conditions with no sewers and no water fit for drinking. Less than eight hundred men were at work in the Cut and these were digging with hand tools. It was next to impossible to keep workmen on the Zone on account of lack of decent housing and food. Mr. Wallace was handicapped, too, by red tape. When one looks back on those awful days on the Zone, when there was little or no police obtainable, and when water for bathing had to be caught from the roofs where buzzards roosted, it seems unjust to censure men for seeking other homes. On April 1st, 1905, a second Isthmian Canal Commission was appointed. Heading this was Theodore P. Shonts, as Chairman, with Charles E. Magoon as Governor of the Canal Zone. Mr. Wallace was the chief engineer, and the other members were Rear-Admiral Nordcott, T. Endicott, Peter C. Hains, Oswald H. Earnest, and Benjamin M. Harrod. But somehow things did not go well on the Isthmus and the hostile press of the United States, which seemed to take delight in publishing disagreeable stories about the canal work, added to the spirit of unrest among the workmen. Then came an epidemic of yellow fever, and Mr. Wallace packed up and left the Zone and his resignation was asked for a few days later after he had been publicly reprimanded by Secretary Taft. Mr. John F. Stevens was the next chief engineer. He was about to start for the Philippines to superintend some railroad construction when he was asked to go to Panama. Mr. Stevens' first task was the reconstruction of the Panama railroad system, and one of the sentences of his first report on this work has become famous among railroad men: "A collision has its good points as well as bad ones—it indicates that something is moving on the railroad." The veterans of the Zone declare that it was Stevens who made extra inducements to attract workmen to the Zone, and that the high salaries paid at present are due to him. He became known as the "Chief" and to this day the men who were with him in Panama in those days which tried men's souls speak of him with sincere affection. Mr. Stevens remained on the Isthmus until April 1st, 1907, when his resignation, sent in some time before, went into effect. President Roosevelt then declared that it was useless to attempt to build the canal with a new chief engineer every year, and that no more civilian engineers would be placed in charge. "I shall turn it over to the Army," were the President's words, and on February 26, 1907, the Third Isthmian Canal Commission was appointed and that body assumed its duties on April 1st, 1907, and consisted of:

Colonel George W. Goethals, Chairman.
Colonel W. L. Sibert, U. S. A.
Colonel D. D. Gaillard, U. S. A.
Colonel W. C. Gorgas.
Civil Engineer H. H. Rousseau.
Mr. J. C. S. Blackburn.
This commission remains the same at present with the exception of Mr. Blackburn, whose place was taken by Maurice H. Thatcher, who was in turn succeeded by Richard L. Metcalfe. Jackson Smith was succeeded by Col. H. F. Hodges, U. S. A., on July 16, 1909. Colonel Goethals receives a salary of \$15,000.00 per year, and each of the other members is paid \$14,000.00. Mr. Joseph Bucklin Bishop has been secretary to the commission since 1905.

Col. Gorgas.
Colonel W. C. Gorgas came upon the scene early in the game for he accompanied the First Canal Commission to the Isthmus on March 29, 1904, at the request of President Roosevelt. Colonel Gorgas is known as the man who pulled the teeth of the tropics and made the Canal a livable place for a white man. Indeed, it is very doubtful as to whether or not the Canal could have been built by Americans without the aid of this distinguished physician. On June 2, 1904, Colonel Gorgas was appointed chief sanitary officer and he at once began a campaign against disease unlike any other ever undertaken, and one which changed a country once a hot-bed of the most dread tropical malady into a winter resort for tourists. Under his regime yellow fever was banished to such an extent that there has not been a case of this disease in the Canal Zone since 1905—that is, a case contracted in Panama. Malaria, too, is a thing of the past, for the breeding place of the malaria mosquito has been destroyed. In 1907 Colonel Gorgas became a member of the Canal Commission—a position which he still holds. The entire sanitation has been under his care and by the time the Canal is finally completed the cost of this work will have amounted to about \$5,000,000.00. "They have changed everything in Panama but the climate," is the cry of the average Canal workman, and this is true, and for this reason unless the rules laid down by Doctor Gorgas are carried out to the letter his work is in vain. Eternal vigilance is the price of health on the Zone. Quinine has been the chief medicine in the fight against malaria, and over fifteen thousand pounds of this drug has been distributed free to employees since 1906. Colonel Gorgas is a native of Alabama, and a man who possesses a most delightful personality. He is greatly beloved by everybody on the Canal from the heads of the departments to the humblest negro laborer.

Rousseau.
The youngest man of the present Commission is Civil Engineer H. H. Rousseau, the young engineer who made an enviable record in the Navy Department before he was sent to the Isthmus. This young man, who is but forty-three years of age, has had a remarkable career in his profession. Graduating at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute in 1891, he became a draughtsman and engineer in the United States Navy in 1898 with the rank of lieutenant. In 1899 he was sent to Washington as engineer of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, holding this position until 1903, when he went to the Mare Island Navy Yard in California. In January, 1907, he became the chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks of the Navy Department with the rank of rear-admiral, being the youngest man who ever held this office. Early in May of the same year he was sent to Panama as a member of the Isthmian Canal Commission, where he has gained an enviable reputation for his work.

Sibert.
Colonel William L. Sibert, of the Corps of Engineers of the United States Army, comes from Alabama, and was a member of the class of 1884 at West Point. He has been engaged in construction engineering and harbor work ever since that time, both in the United States and her colonies, one of his most important appointments being the chief engineering of the Manila and Dagupan Railroad located in the Philippine Islands shortly before he was sent to the Isthmus. Colonel Sibert became a member of the Canal Commission and Chief of the Atlantic Division in 1907. He is known as the father of the much criticized Gatun dam.

Gaillard.
Colonel D. D. Gaillard, the Chief of the Central Division, is a native of South Carolina, and was a classmate of Colonel Sibert at West Point, and like him was engaged in a number of important engineering problems before he became a member of the Commission. Some of Colonel Gaillard's best known work was done in Cuba. He is also the author of a book on wave action in relation to engineering structures. Colonel Gaillard has been a member of the Canal Commission since 1907.

Williamson.
The Pacific Division had as its Chief a civilian—Sidney B. Williamson, a distinguished American Civil Engineer who was called to Panama by Colonel Goethals shortly after the present Commission took charge. Mr. Williamson entered the employ of the United States Government in 1882 and was in charge of the engineering and construction work connected with the navigation of the Tennessee River, where he remained until 1900, with the exception of a few months in the army during the Spanish-American War in 1898. In 1900 he was transferred to Newport, Rhode Island, as Assistant Engineer in charge of the fortification work in that district. During four years of his service on the Tennessee River and three years at Newport he was associated with Colonel Goethals. In 1904 he represented a civilian engineering company, and later opened an office in Baltimore as consulting engineer. Mr. Williamson resigned his position in Panama in May, 1912, and entered the service of one of the largest engineering and contracting firms in the world and was at once placed in charge of their London office. He was one of the most popular men on the Canal, especially with the workmen. He was exceptionally modest over his achievements and it was only after the greatest difficulty that he could be persuaded to talk about himself. "I am not building the Canal," was invariably his answer. "I am merely a worker," and while this was true no one individual was a more important factor in its building than this plain, quiet man who for many years labored so strenuously on the problems encountered in the construction of the Pacific Division.

Hodges.
Colonel H. F. Hodges, the Assistant Chief Engineer, hails from Boston, and was graduated from West Point in 1881. After holding various positions of army engineering where special efficiency was required, he became the Chief Engineer of the Department of Cuba in 1901, where he remained for about two years. In 1907 he was made a member of the Canal Commission and became Assistant Chief Engineer in 1909.

Goethals.
So much has been written in reference to Colonel George W. Goethals, the Chief Engineer and Chairman of the Canal Commission, that little more can be said in reference to the work of this remarkable man whose executive ability seems to be quite as marvelous as his knowledge of engineering. A virtual despot over a kingdom of fifty thousand workers, he shows the decision, resourcefulness and tact that mark a great executive. He is firm in his decisions, but that firmness is tempered with a kindness which few men can resist. In the old days when a Canal workman complained he was told that if he did not like the treatment he received he could leave as "there was a boat north every five days." All this was changed when Colonel Goethals came upon the scene. Every Sunday morning he holds Court at Culebra to hear the complaints or petitions of workers under him. There is no laborer who cannot get an audience with this Czar, and no complaint so trivial that it cannot find in him a patient listener. The Court has proved a valuable check on the man who is given petty authority at the Canal. He soon learns that "the Colonel" will not tolerate a man who ill-treats those who are working under him. Colonel Goethals was born in Brooklyn and is fifty years of age. The history of his achievements is best told by the Canal Record and is as follows:

"Educated at College of City of New York; Cadet Military Academy June 14, 1876; Second Lieutenant, Corps of Engineers, June 12, 1880; First Lieutenant June 15, 1882; Captain, December 14, 1891; Major, February 7, 1900; Lieutenant Colonel March 2, 1907; Colonel, December 3, 1909; Lieutenant Colonel Volunteer Service and Chief of Engineers, May 25, 1898, to December 31, 1898; General Staff, August 15, 1903, to March 4, 1907; Graduate Army War College, 1905. For several years instructor in Civil and Military Engineering at West Point; in charge of construction Mussel Shoals (Tennessee River) Canal; member of the Board of Coast and Harbor Defense; Chairman of the Isthmian Canal Commission and Chief Engineer of the Panama Canal since April 1st, 1907; Governor of Canal Zone; President of Panama Railroad; Member of Panama Canal Fortification Board in Charge of Construction."

During the administration Colonel Goethals has disbursed more than two hundred and twenty million dollars without a suspicion of favoritism. His work has been so wise, so honest and so unique that even the most ardent muck-raking sleuth has been unable to find the slightest trace of graft during his entire administration. The fame which he enjoys has made little change in his life, for he is far too big a man to be affected by the praise which has been heaped upon him. He is still the hardest worker on the Canal, for his day usually begins at 7 A. M. and many times he is found in the office until his bedtime, which is 10 P. M.

The work of Mr. Joseph Bucklin Bishop, the Secretary of the Canal Commission, must not be overlooked, for he has labored with great patience to keep the public properly informed on the progress of the Canal work—no easy task in this day of yellow journalism, when the simplest news items are twisted and distorted to suit the whims of the publisher.

Builders of the Canal.
Thousands of Americans who are filling various places on the Canal deserve recognition for their part in the project, but unfortunately their work can only be fully appreciated by persons who have visited the Isthmus toward the close of the rainy season, for it is then that the climate gets on one's nerves. Everything is dry and parched and the beautiful botanical garden effects which have been raised over by writers who have spent a day or two in Panama during the Winter season, lose their beauty. The sun in its tropical ferocity beats down on the land and life is a thing but pleasant. The Government recognizes the climatic disadvantages of the Isthmus and pays large salaries. Nowhere else in the world are they more deserved.

The Panama Canal building drama was played from beginning to end by Americans, and while thousands of them were simply supernumeraries, they acted their part according to the needs of the drama, and when in after years we look back upon this great play conceived by American engineers and staged by American money, let us not forget that body and every man who played even a silent part deserves to be placed on the roll of honor as a Builder of the Canal.

The Most Prominent Woman in Washington

ANY woman who can command the respect of an entire city in a bonnet five years old must be either a Betty Green or a radiant beauty, according to popular belief. Yet there is an heroic member of the sex feminine in Washington, D. C., who, though neither of the two mentioned, manages to hold the admiration of every tourist and statesman up on Capitol Hill. Not only does she rise superior to her sisters, but she looks down upon them all.

While the praise of woman's rights, the typists and IS Freedom, Justice, or Liberty just as the fancy of her visitors prefer. She is deaf and dumb and forty-nine years old, yet not even Madame Du Pompadour, in all the bonhomie of her half century, received greater homage from mankind.

Yes, of course there is a catch! The lady in question, for not even the most cynical would dare dispute her right to the title—adorns the topmost pinnacle of the dome of the nation's capitol.

"What! a bronze statue?" the sophisticated may exclaim. Even so, but possessed of greater personality than many of the richest foreign-

ed Washington debutantes just now emerging from their school-room shells. Indeed, this woman—whom a wit of the House once named Miss Justice—can even scorn the European pretensions of such girls, for she was created abroad and is an Italian.

While Washington feminines are helping thrifty masseuses to build apartment houses and enabling Turkish bath proprietors to buy Government bonds, she, like the orthodox New England spinster, believes in "staying as she was made."

Of course, there might be given as a reason for this that her case is hopeless. When any woman passes the two-hundred-mark in avoirdupois she feels it rather a waste of endeavor to hunt and whisper it diplomatically—Miss Freedom at her last weighing-in tipped the scales at 4, 985 pounds, or about two tons. She is 19 feet tall and has a foot whose "size" could not be found in any shoe store—not even in those down along the Mississippi river front, where the "troubadours" come to be shod.

Three items do not disturb the prominent female at all. What does girth, however, is that her face is so frequently washed! Think of that, you feminines, who consider a daily ablution of plain water too objectionable!

and must have it improved by a dash of foreign fragrance or softened with almond meal. Actually, the custodian-in-chief of Freedom's wardrobe admitted that at times she has been known to display scales on her exposed countenance and that all too frequently her beary expression is sadly marred by a lack of aquapara.

Still, this indifference to appearance is not to be blamed on the woman in the highest position in Washington. She has never been accustomed to bathing herself and her devoted face washer is no more.

By one of those ironies Destiny sometimes delights in, A. D. Porch—whom everyone at the Capitol called "Jack" because he was a steepie-chimney—was killed over two years ago by a fall down a little flight of four steps in the basement of the building. He loved the bronze goddess and kept her so spotless of complexion and attire that she was a delight to the eye when the sun shone.

Born in England and raised he best knew how, the little Britisher had a courage which defied the laws of gravitation. He stood in the sub-cellar of the Capitol but spent most of his waking hours in, or above his

dome. On a day when the burn winds around Capitol Hill raved, even portly statesmen to walk very close to the ground. Porch would essay to climb up and up a rigging over the dome to where, 237 feet above the earth, his heroine awaited his attentions.

There had been rumors that the naturalized woman of many elements was to have a new bonnet. Porch was taking a keen interest in its fashioning and correct adjustment to the head which even the lightning cannot resist. Then came his strange desire for a night view of his lonely charge. He made the trip successfully but, returning, fell the short flight leading to his tiny bedroom and died from his injuries.

If goddesses could get impatient, Miss Freedom would have fretted over her faithful attendant's seeming neglect and the long delay in her promised headgear. Superintendent Elliot Woods tried in vain for a time to find any one so worthy of life and eager for a job as to undertake that of head-maid to an aerial fair one.

The seasons came and went and Miss Freedom continued to stand in full view of all Washington arrayed in a helmet hat, many styles behind the times. What if her turban IS of a platinum with tips far more

costly than the willow plumes on a wealthy human's bonnet?

And what if it is not only an ornament but likewise a protection—saving the Capitol from electrical damage frequently each summer by drawing off the lightning down the already mentioned tips? What of it when every woman who lifts her eyes to behold the majesty of Miss Freedom knows she is disgraced by a headpiece of the vintage of five years back?

Is she to be condemned to stand up in full view of feminine Washington another season in that old hat? Even goddesses have been possessed of vanity—according to mythology—and who knows but what her plight may serve as a horrible example to the Suffragettes who are slated for a second hearing before the Rules Committee at the Capitol early in December. Certainly her plight might well be taken as evidence of what treatment woman gets when she has to depend upon the tyrant man for new clothes.

Only the other day a guide was telling a smartly gownned maiden that the goddess' hat has been "struck by lightning" many times.

"I don't doubt it," the visitor replied. "It looks it—absolutely."

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Co.

LOOK
IN THE
HEM

FALL
AND
WINTER
GLOVES

MR. WAKEFIELD NEW MANAGER TAKES CHARGE

The new manager of the Board of Trade took up his actual work this morning and will from now on be in charge of the active work of the Board. The first step that is to be taken will be to reduce the membership roll to actual 100. By that is meant that paid members will be enrolled as in "good standing" and as rapidly as old and new members subscribe and pay up they will be enrolled. A list of members in "good standing" will be given to the press in a few days and from time to time as new members come in their names will be published and properly enrolled and they will be kept advised of the work. In fact it is the intention of the new manager to take the public fully into his confidence in all moves and through and by the courtesy of the press keep them acquainted with the work as it progresses. A public meeting of the citizens will be held at an early date to be announced later at which the new manager will go into full details so that every man or woman and child of the city may know, and if they care, share in the work of the building. It is intended to lay the full plans for financing for the Board before the public as soon as the same are ready and then to start on the work. The campaign for members will be started but there will be no frenzied attempt to paralyze the community with any spectacular "stunts." The work is as Mr. Wakefield expresses it, a "shirt-sleeves" proposition, one of honest, hard work, with care and thought looking to the firm yet flexible establishment of the organization.

The fact that some few people oppose the Board of Trade is due mainly to misunderstanding and to lack of proper analysis of the questions acted on and any opposition will not be fought or blindly antagonized, but by removing the cause for opposition remove the reason of it and thereby re-establish public confidence.

A Board of Trade is an organization for the upbuilding of the whole city, for the commercial expansion of the community and will not in this instance depart from that principle.

Mr. Wakefield said in a recent statement: "I come to this community with only one idea, to make the Board of Trade a business proposition. I entertain no prejudice, have no opposition to any one and will not permit any element to divorce my mind from the character of the work. I want every man to feel free to express himself to me and his confidence will be respected. I propose to hear all sides and through open, fair business-like methods, remove error and re-establish confidence. I can do nothing without the public want it done. I am not concerned in past faults and am dealing with results, not causes. I must seek in a frank way to reconcile conditions and by the same policy that any sane business man uses in his business, place the Board of Trade where it can be free from suspicion and above distrust. I shall at a later date go more fully into this work but what has been, has been. The live man lives in the present, not the past, and while remembrances may haunt some, yet a business man is not superstitious and will not be afraid of ghosts of past errors."

Readers' Viewpoint

The Small Legislature.

The most important question before the people of Licking county at the election next Tuesday, and one of the most far reaching in its results, is the proposed amendment to the constitution reducing the size and proportion of the legislature. The most back of the movement against its purpose is to give the large cities of the state greater control of legislative and taxation problems in the state. By its provisions 12 of the less populous counties of the state combined would have no more representation in the legislature than the single county of Cuyahoga. Practically all of the rural counties, of which Licking is still one, would be required to unite with one or more of her sister counties to form a district, and consequently lose her identity as a legislative unit. The result of this will be that it will be very difficult for the balance of the state outside the larger cities to secure legislation at all favorable to it.

The action of the representatives from the big cities in the legislature the past few years is ample proof of it is fact. The fact that a large delegation of the leading farmers of Ohio, who appeared before a legislative committee at Columbus last winter, were heard and called "hay-seeds" by some of the representatives from the big cities shows the trend of affairs.

The smaller cities of the state, like Newark, must remember that they are far more dependent upon the farmers of the surrounding country, than upon the big cities for their success.

How many of the merchants of Newark are selling their wares to the residents of Columbus or Cleveland? On the other hand, the merchants of these large cities are using every means to secure the trade of towns like Newark. If it is a good thing to "Boost Newark" and "Keep the Money at Home," then it is a good thing for counties like Licking to maintain their individuality in the state.

One argument in favor of the proposed change is that it will save expense. Already a movement is on foot to raise the salary of representatives and senators to \$2,000, with the

plea that better men can thus be secured. It has yet to be proven that high-priced officials are any more competent or honest than others. At \$2,000 salary the small legislature will cost the taxpayers several thousand dollars more than the present one.

Another danger is the menace of Socialism. The large cities are the hotbeds of socialism, but the rural communities are strongly opposed to it.

From practically any standpoint the small legislature is dangerous to the less populous counties of the state, like Licking.

Every farmer, laborer, merchant or other business man, who believes in good government, should go to the polls next Tuesday and vote No, both on this and the short ballot amendments, which are but little less dangerous in their adoption. O. E. C.

ATTENTION VOTERS

The undersigned, after careful consideration, advise the voters to vote NO on proposed amendments to the constitution, for the small legislature, and the short ballot, and to vote YES on the anti-shipping bill and to vote YES on the subway proposition. The Good Government League of Newark and Licking Co. J. H. Miller, pres.; J. V. Hilliard, Secy.

Nearly Every Child Has Worms.

Paleness, at times a flushed face, unnatural hunger, picking the nose, great thirst, etc., are indications of worms. Kickapoo Worm Killer is a reliable, thorough medicine for the removal of all kinds of worms from children and adults. Kickapoo Worm Killer in pleasant candy form, aids digestion, tones system, overcomes constipation and increasing the action of the liver. Is perfectly safe for even the most delicate children. Kickapoo Worm Killer makes children happy and healthy. 25c. Guaranteed. Try it. Drug stores or by mail. Kickapoo Indian Medicine Co., Philadelphia and St. Louis.

Verdict for \$150 for Geo. D. Dicken.

In the suit of George D. Dicken vs. the B. & O. railroad company, for damages for horses killed by the defendant company's train, a jury in common pleas court late Friday afternoon returned a verdict of \$150 for the plaintiff. The case occupied the court's time for two days.

For Township Trustee.



MAC MOSSMAN is a candidate for Township Trustee, second term, and ought to be elected because he has made an efficient and courteous official in the term that he has filled the office. No one has heard anything but a good word for Mr. Mossman for he is correct in his word, agreeable in his official intercourse, and equally considerate to all the people of whatever faith, politics, color or condition in life. Such a man has double employment and can't be so easily neglected.

For the general good of Newark city and township, for the sake of the unfortunate poor and sick of our city and township, for the benefit of the taxpayers and for the welfare of humanity vote for Mac Mossman, November 4 and thus help to keep him in the position he is so successfully filling. 1*

American Lady Corsets

For the Fashionable Figure

The fashionable figure wears just the right model of American Lady Corsets for your individual figure (and there's just that model for you) and you will have absolutely the correct lines of the present vogue, the smart low bust, the straight hip and the altogether free, willowy uncorseted effect.

American Lady Corsets are guaranteed for their superior style, unquestionable quality and faultless fitting. Let us show you the latest models in American Lady Corsets, the most exclusive high grade corset on the market, selling at the popular prices of

\$1 to \$5

Mayer & Lindorf
NEWARK, OHIO.
The Store That Serves You Best. East Side of the Square.



CITIZEN'S TICKET AT GRANVILLE

Granville voters will have the opportunity next Tuesday of casting their ballots for a citizens' ticket which has been nominated by petition in that village. The candidates are:

For mayor D. N. Bay; for councilmen, J. M. Jones, Hubert Wright, Albert Guckert, James Ramsower, Henry Welsh, and E. A. Smoots.

LITTLE DISORDER REPORTED TO COPS

Police Chief Sheridan is pleased with the manner in which Hal-lowe'en passed in Newark. The youthful celebrators were on their good behavior and no serious disorder was reported. The most complaints came from the section of the city between Church and Granville streets and West of Sixth.

"BUY YOUR HAT AT THE HAT STORE OF NEWARK, O."



THE largest makers of hats contributed their best to make our Fall and Winter showing complete and to make your selection easy here.

Not only will you see the most advanced styles here—but a large stock to select from and real hat service—because we specialize in hats.

Home of Knox and Imported Velour Hats.

WE SELL THE BEST

\$2.00 and
\$3.00

HATS ON EARTH.

HERMANN
THE CLOTHIER.
"THE HAT STORE OF NEWARK."



For Sale These houses just completed, modern in every way, 6 rooms., bath and reception hall.



Good Neighborhood, Good Street, Good Investment or Good Homes, Prices Right. J. F. Bonham, phone 1809. C. T. Bricker, phone 1803

ATTENTION!

MONEY TO LOAN
AT LEGAL RATES
\$35.00 Costs \$3.95
For Three Months,
THAT'S ALL
Loans up to \$100

We make loans on all kinds of property, including automobiles, and our rates are the lowest in the city.

Name _____
Address _____
Our agent is in Newark every Friday.

Ohio Loan Co.
212 Masonic Temple,
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Famous Shoes for Men.

STEPHAN
17 South Side Square

YOUR GARMENTS LOOK LIKE
NEW IF CLEANED BY
Callander's Dye Works
51 NORTH FOURTH ST.
BOTH PHONES, WAGON CALLS.

MONEY TO LOAN

—ON EASY TERMS—
5%
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
THE LICKING COUNTY BUILD-
ING & SAVINGS COMPANY,
34 North Third St., Newark, O.

THE WAY TO GET WELL

The medicines that you and your friends know all about today of the secret nostrum is past. The City Drug Store recommends the Nyal Remedies as being the best and surest to be had. For 25 years the Nyal Family Remedies have been recognized as dependable household remedies in the most careful families all over the land.

There is no uncertainty, no guess work treatment when you use a Nyal remedy. The City Drug Store will cheerfully show you the formula of every remedy and you know just what you are taking and what to expect in the way of results.

"Nyal's Cherry Cough Syrup" for coughs and colds is in great demand at this season. It cures loss of voice, hoarseness, bronchitis, and other inflamed condition of the lung passages. This comes in 25c and 50c bottles.

The City Drug Store has three registered pharmacists in constant attendance who will be glad to explain and show you all the Nyal Remedies. Take your next prescription here. You will have every assurance of it being given promptly and correct attention.

11-1-14

CORRECT DRESS FOR MEN

CHOOSE A \$20.00 SUIT

Saturday Evening, Monday
or Tuesday FOR **\$15**

A winter of comfort and style is ahead for Men and Young Men who seize this opportunity. Every one of these suits are hand-tailored in pure wool fabrics. Come in this week to look at them.

Some of Stein-Bloch, Strouse & Bros. and The L. System Smart Suits and Overcoats at \$10 to \$30.

RAINCOATS
\$5 TO \$20

MACKINAW COATS
\$6 TO \$10

HERMANN
THE CLOTHIER.
The store where Quality counts.

SWEATERS
50c TO \$8

UNDERWEAR
50c TO \$5